Chicago Office: Boyce Building.

Na 15,192.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1901-SIXTEEN PAGES.

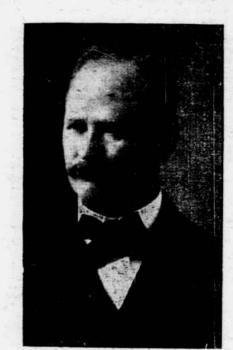
TWO CENTS.

### TAKES UP REMARKS BEGUN YESTERDAY INCIDENTS ABOUT THE POLLS VERY HEAVY VOTE WAS POLLED

Says That Specification No. 8 President Roosevelt Goes Down Elsewhere in the State There Was Was Not Established.

REVIEWING THE TESTIMONY OTHER NOTABLES AT POLLS VOTING BEGAN EARLY

The Schley court of inquiry assembled this morning at the navy yard, and Mr. Hanna resumed his argument begun yesceeded with his statement of the case as voters immediately formed in line. It is cept, which relates to the retrograde move- The weather is cold and raw. President Cienfuegos to Santiago. Mr. Hanna spoke this morning to vote, accompanied by Sec-Throughout his argument there was very court room was fairly well filled with spectators, but there was no such crowd present as there was when Admiral Schley was



Mr. E. P. Hanna. manded the Merrimac when she was taken nto the harbor at Santiago and sunk, was an attentive listener to the argument. Admiral Schiey himself listened attentively to the argument, as did Mr. Rayner, Capt. Parker and Mr. Teague, his counsel, who took notes as Mr. Hanna was proceeding

with his remarks. The understanding at the beginning of today's proceedings was that Capt. Parker would follow Mr. Hanna in Admiral Schley's behalf, and while he gave no defin ite intimation as to how long he might speak, it was generally supposed that he

would conclude today, allowing Mr. Ray-ner to proceed tomorrow,

Admiral Schley reached the court room at an early hour, and his friends were gratified to find that the severe cold with suffered yesterday had greatly im-

by nearly all the witnesses that the Eagle was the principal cause of delay in proceeding from Cienfuegos to Santiago some have stated that the Vixen was also a cause of delay, and it seems proper in this connection merely to read the mony of the commanding officer of that

Mr. Hanna then read from the testimony of Commander Sharp, who was in com-mand of the Vixen, and who said that there was nothing in the weather to cause the Vixen to slow down on that trip, although the Vixen was not making as good weather as other vessels. Mr. Hanna also read from the testimony of Capt. Miller of the Merri-mac, who also stated that on the voyage from Cienfuegos to Santiago there was no occasion of delay on the part of the Merrimac. He then entered upon the considera-

tion of the retrograde movement, saying; Reason for Retrograde Movement. Referring to specification four, the circumstances attending the arrival of the flying squadron off Santiago and its retrograde turn westward and departure from Bay at 9 o'clock. He was accompanied by ment, at noon on the 27th, Commodore Schley sent a telegram to the department explaining why he could not remain off Santiago, and was "forced to return to Key West." In this telegram only one rea-

son is given, and that is the squadron's coal Perhaps this reason may be appropriately divided into parts; first, the "state of coal account of squadron," and, second, the difficulty of coaling from the collier; but it is all comprised in the one word "coal." There is no suggestion of any other rea n in this dispatch. In his testimony be-

fore this court Admiral Schley gave four reasons for leaving his station off Santiago, but no one of these four reasons appears in his telegraphic report made at the time. These reasons perhaps relate more specifically to the next specification, and will be

thereunder discussed. Specification 5 directs inquiry into the circumstances attending and the reasons for the disobedience by Commodore Schley of the orders of the department contained in its dispatch dated May 25, 1808, and the propriety of his conduct in the premises.

In this connection the court was, by letter of August 1, 1901, instructed that it is absolutely free to report if such shall be found to be the case that Commodore Schley did not willfully disovey orders, but

that he was justified in disobeying them.' At the time the retrograde movement was begun, Commodore Schley was under or-ders, Sampson's No. 8, to proceed with all dispatch but cautiously to Santiago, and if the enemy was there to blockade him in port and to learn definitely through unication with the inhabitants if the saips are in that port, it being impossible to see into it from outside. These features of Sampson's No. 8 were by no means modified but rather emphasized by the later instructions contained in the memorandum written off Havana, heretofore fully discussed. But after the retrograde movement had commenced and had continued all night without making much progress on account of trouble in towing the collier, the squad ron was on the next day overtaken by the U. S. S. Harvard bearing important dis-patches from the Secretary of the Navy. ar Admiral, then Captain, Cotton testifles that "on the forenoon of the 27th of May, as aforesaid, I personally delivered to Commodore Schley on board of his flagship four or five cable dispatches from the Navy partment and from the commander-inchief of the North Atlantic squadron.' Among them was a dispatch address-ed to Captain Cotton marked: "Receiv-

(Continued on Fourteenth Page.)

# ARGUMENT RESUMED NEW YORK'S BIG VOTE IN THE QUAKER CITY Murphy's opponent, was declared to be

Mr. Hanna Before the Court of In- Tammany and Fusionists Both Get | Hard Fight Between the Fusionists the Voters Out.

to His Home to Vote.

Special From a Staff Correspondent. NEW YORK, November 5 .- A very heavy vote is being cast in New York city toterday afternoon. Mr. Hanna had pro- day. The polls opened at 6 o'clock and far as the fourth specification of the pre- said there is a great deal of scratching. ment. Before continuing his argument on Roosevelt spent the night at the home of that specification he made some further his aunt, Mrs. James A. Roosevelt, No. 4 references to the delay on the trip from West 57th street. He went to Oyster Bay very deliberately and in an even tone of retary Cortelyou, Assistant Secretary Loeb,

voice. He referred frequently to testimony his cousin, W. E. Roosevelt, and Dr. Rixey. that had been taken in the case, reading | President Roosevelt arrived at the ferry extracts to bear out his assertions. He was at fifteen minutes before 9 o'clock. Before entirely dispassionate in his manner, boarding the boat he shook hands with several "baggage smashers" who he knew, close attention given to him on the part of including a colored man, who smiled members of the court, counsel for Admiral | broadly as he went about his work. The Schley and those who gathered in the court special train of two cars left for Oyster room to listen to the proceedings. The Bay at five minutes after 9 o'clock, President Roosevelt will dine with relatives in this city and he and Mrs. Roosevelt will return to Washington over the Pennsylva-

nia road this afternoon. Seth Low arose early this morning and at twenty minutes before 8 o'clock he left his house at 64th street and Madison avenue, and, carrying no umbrella, although the rain was falling, he walked rapidly to the polling booth in Park avenue just above 64th street. Mr. Low seemed in the best of spirits and bowed to several acquaint-ances, among whom was Mr. Carl Schurz, who lives in the same street, and who followed immediately in Low's footsteps. The fusion candidate for mayor entered the booth and spent several minutes over his ballot, which was No. 44 of his district.

Croker Votes, Too. Richard Croker voted today at twenty ninutes past 6. He cast ballot No. 45. He left the Democratic Club at a quarter past 6 with his two sons, Richard, jr., and Frank, who had called there for him. The three took a cab to the booth, a corrugated iron one in Park avenue between 74th and

75th streets. There was a line of voters waiting to cast their ballots. Mr. Croker was recognized and several of those in line offered to resign their places in favor of Mr. Croker and his sons, but he declined with a word

of thanks. "That's all right, boys," your places; I can wait," He and his sons then got in line outside the booth and stood in the orizzling rain without an umbrella until the line had been reduced so that they

Justice William Travers Jerome, candilate for district attorney on the fusion ticket, voted about half-past 8 o'clock this morning. He left nis home at a quarter past 8 in company with Robert J. Woolley one of McCullagh's deputies, who had caned there for him. Mr. Jerome voted ballot No. 178. He only remained a minute in When he came out and handed his ballot to the inspector to be deposited he shook hands with several present.

## RAINY DAY FOR ELECTION.

Weather Bad Throughout Nearly All of New York.

NEW YORK, November 5.-Rainy, cold weather was the rule throughout New York state, but in the western counties conditions were more pleasant. In many cities voting machines were in use, the result being to expedite the registering of bal-

At Buffalo there were indications of a great deal of scratching.

At Syracuse there were several arrests early in the day of alleged illegal voters. As a rule county roads are in good condition, and the vote for members of the legislature is likely to be up to the average of off years. In the twenty-fourth congressional district there is considerable interest manifest in the election of a successor to

### PRESIDENT VOTES AT HOME. Took Special Train From New York

the late Representative Albert D. Shaw.

This Morning.

NEW YORK, November 5.-President Roosevelt left Long Island City for Oyster off Santiago have been stated. As to the Secretary Cortelyou, Assistant Secretary reason for this "retrograde turn westward | Loeb and several friends. The party rode and departure from off Santiago," it is in a special train consisting of a Pullman noted that during the progress of the move- and a combination car. The crowd at the depot cheered the President as he entered the train at Long Island City.

The train reached Oyster Bay at 10 o'clock. The President was cheered as he stepped upon the station platform, and a salute of twenty-one guns was fired in his honor. He entered a carriage, which conveyed him to the polling place.

There was no notable incident in connection with the casting of the President's vote. Afterward the President took a rapid drive to his home on Sagamore Hill, Little Neck Cove.

The special train left Oyster Bay on the return trip at 11 o'clock. Those who accompanied the President on the trip to Oyster Bay were his cousin, Wm. E. Roosevelt, Dr. Holbrook Curtis, W. J. Youngs, who was Mr. Roosevelt's private secretar he was governor, and Secretaries Cortelyou and Loeb.

Secret service and New York detectives also accompanied the train.

## DAY COLD AND CHEERLESS.

New York City's Voters Go Out in the Rain. By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, November 5.-Election day broke cold and cheerless. A drizzling rain was falling and a chill wind swept the streets and the early vote was seriously affected. In many of the up-town polling places there were no voters on hand when the boxes were opened at 6 o'clock, and at others little groups that had gathered earlier sought shelter from the chilling rain. In the more densely populated districts there were crowds at the polls, and at the nineteenth election district in the sixth assembly district, of which State Senator Timothy J. Sullivan is democratic leader, 500 men voted in the first forty-three min-

Seventy-five policemen were on reserve at police headquarters and two patro wagons were on hand so that men could be hurried to any part of the city where they might be needed. Reginning at 6 o'clock every policeman except those who were actually sick was on duty, all leaves of absence having been recalled for the day.

E. M. Shepard, candidate for mayor on the democratic ticket, cast his ballot in polling place near his home in Brook-about 11:25 o'clock today.

and Republicans.

Little Interest.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. PHILADELPHIA, November 5.-Indications this morning favor one of the hardest political fights the city has had for many years. Every effort has been made by both the organization republicans and the opposition, which is an alliance of independent republicans and democrats, and both

sides are equally confident of victory. The main office at stake is that of district attorney. On that the fight is centered. The republicans, confident for the success of every other candidate, are prepared for trades with the democrats who refused to go into the fusion combination, promising the minority party one of the judgships of the common pleas court.

At the eleventh hour every man directly interested in the contest is working to make votes for his ticket. The republican leaders claim from 20,000 to 40,000 majority for their ticket. Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durham, the Quay representa-tive here, predicts 30,000 to 35,000 majority. Some of the enthusiastic independent lead-ers are sure that District Attorney Rothermel, whom they renominated, will have a good majority, conservatively estimated from 5,000 to 12,000. Those who fully realize the power of the republican machine with the 10,000 mel. with its 10,000 place holders admit, however, that the regular republicans wiil

probably win. Plans have been made by the regular republicans for getting a good majority and repeaters are expected to do great work in a dozen wards where crooked elections are common. The police and place holders have received orders to take active part in

So far as the state ticket is concerned it is conceded by the republican managers that unless the administration ticket gets 25,000 majority in this city the state ticket composed of Judge Potter of the supreme court and Representative Frank G. Harris for state treasurer will be defeated. The democratic vote in the city, owing to fac-tional fights, will be divided, and it is probable that the regulars will not poll 18,000 votes. Throughout the state, however, the democrats have gained strength and their vote will probably exceed that of a state election for several years back.

### Weather Raw and Cloudy. By Associated Press.

FHILADELPHIA, November 5.-Election day in Pennsylvania started with cloudy, raw weather and a prospect some sections before night.

Because of the great interest in the result a heavy vote was reported in the early hours.

The polls opened at 7 o'clock, and in this city many polling places reported over 100 votes cast in the first hour.

The state is voting for state treasurer and justice of the supreme court. For the former office the candidates of the two great parties are Frank G. Harris (republican) and E. A. Coray, jr. (republican and fu-sion). For the latter William P. Potter is the republican candidate and Harman Yerkes represents the fusionists. sion ticket is the result of a coalition bethe municipal league, the union party a new organization launched by republicans dissatisfied with the element now in control of state affairs. Mr. Potter is at present a member of the supreme court, having been appointed by Governor Stone to fill : vacancy. Mr. Yerkes is a democrat and has been for a number of years the common pleas judge of Bucks county, which adjoins Philadelphia.

## Hot Fight in Philadelphia.

In Philadelphia the campaign was an exceedingly warm one, the conditions resembling those in New York city, with the political affiliations reversed. District Attorney P. F. Rothermel, having failed of renomination by the republican convention. was nominated in town meeting, and the union party, led by disappointed republi-cans, was organized. His nomination was indorsed by the Municipal League, and a failure to secure a similar indorsement from the democrats resulted in a split in that party. John Weaver, who received the regular republican nomination, has made an active campaign on the stump, and the effort of both sides to obtain the suffrage of the voters has been greater than in any campaign in recent years. Associated with Mr. Rothermel on the fusion ticket are three republicans and two democrats, who are candidates for the various local offices to be filled.

Reports from nearly every section of the state are to the effect that a light vote is being polled. But little attempt has been made to get out the full strength of either party.
Philadelphia returns show a continuation

of the heavy vote, although not as heavy as during the early hours. Up to this hour no reports of serious trouble have been received. The police are said to be main-taining good order everywhere.

Light Vote at Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, Pa., November 5.-Clear and cold weather prevails throughout west-

ern Pennsylvania today. In this city little interest was manifested in the election and the early vote was unusually light.

### DULL ELECTION DAY IN VIRGINIA. Colored Voters Taking Little Interest in the Result.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. RICHMOND, Va., November 5.-Vote in Richmond is light up to noon. Negroes are showing absolutely no interest in the election and white vote is slow. No advices have been received at the office of State Chairman Ellison up to. noon, and he says he expects none up to the closing of polls. He adheres to his statement that the democrats will win by good majorities,

### though he gives no figures. HEAVY VOTE IN NEW JERSEY.

Both Sides Making Confident Claims of Victory.

TRENTON, N. J., November 5.-The capital is practically deserted today, all the office holders having gone home to vote in what is conceded to be the hardest-fought election in New Jersey in many years. Reports from southern New Jersey indicate a heavy vote by both parties. In Cumberland county factional differences have been settled in the republican ranks, and the chances are considered excellent for the election of B. H. Minch for state senator. Of the seven state senators to be elected republicans claim victories in Bergen, Mer-cer, Ocean, Cumberland and probably Mor-ris counties.

ris counties.

NEWARK, N. J., November 5.—The election is proceeding quietly. At the republican state headquarters confidence was expressed in the success of Franklin Murphy, candidate for governor, while at the headquarters of the James M. Seymour Association the election of Mayor Seymour, Mr.

# SMALL VOTE IN RHODE ISLAND. Election of the Republican Ticket Regarded as Certain.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 5 .- Very little activity characterized the early hours at the polls in the state and municipal elections in Rhode Island today, and the indications were that a small vote would be cast. The election of the republican ticket is considered certain, although by a greatly decreased plurality.

## HEAVY VOTE IN NEBRASKA.

Weather Clear and Bright to Bring the Voters Out. OMAHA, Neb., November 5.-The weath er in this city this morning was clear and bright, following a fall of one inch of snow last night. The polls were open at 7

o'clock, and the early morning voting was fairly heavy. The registration was com-

paratively light, and after the laboring classes had voted the balloting was slow. There was no excitement, and the detail of special police officers scattered throughout the city had little to do. LINCOLN, Neb., November 5.-While the meager election reports from over the state received to noon give no indication of the outcome they encourage the belief that greater interest is being taken than was thought possible and that an average "off-year" vote is being polled. Especially is this the case in the extreme southeastern countries, where the extreme southeastern counties, where the contests for county of-fices is spirited. The polls opened at 8 o'clock and in the smaller towns the bal-lots were going in quite promptly. The weather is chilly. The polls close at 6

## HEAVY VOTE EXPECTED IN BOSTON.

Democrats Concede Republican Vic-tory by 30,000 Plurarlity.

BOSTON, Mass., November 5.-With a crisp frosty fall morning, the vote here during the early hours was hardly above the average, although the registration had been unusually heavy. Reports from other points during the forenoon indicated that in many sections the vote was light. Where there were local fights, however, there was promise of larger figures. It was believed that the total vote would be between 280,000 and 300,000, with a republican plurality of from 30,000, the democratic concession, to 50,000,

the republican claim.

For the first time since 1895 the democrats were united, but it was the claim that the return of the disaffected ones to that party would be offset by the demo-cratic votes which Gov. Crane would draw because of his attitude of sympathy to-ward organized labor.

## DISCUSSING NEW TREATY

AMBASSADOR CHOATE CONFERS WITH SECRETARY HAY.

Acceptance of the American Proposition Regarding Clayton-Bulwer Convention.

Ambassador Choate, who arrived in Washington last night, called upon Secretary Hay today and had a long talk about the projected Hay-Pauncefore treaty and other matters with which the United States embassy at London has been concerned during the past summer. Mr. Choate will remain over in Washington until tomorrow to see the President.

Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, has formally notified Secretary Hay that the British government accepts the American proposition to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty as the base for a new treaty. So within a day or two the State Department will begin the preparation of the convention itself. As this document is expected to come in for the most minute scrutiny and the closest criticism when it reaches the United States Senate, the department officials are preparing to exert themselves even more than usual to insure absolute accuracy of expression and to avoid ambiguities which might lead to misunderstandings in the future. The British embassy will be consulted at frequent intervals to make sure that there is no difference of views as to the language of the treaty. It is possible that this work will be finished in about two weeks, so that there is little doubt that the treaty will be ready for submission to the Senate as soon

as Congress meets. 'I was in England when President Mc "I was in England when President Mc-Kinley was shot and during the days pre-ceding his death," said Mr. Choate last night, when speaking of the late President. "The English people were very deeply stir-red over that event. They felt a sincere grief. Some Americans believe England only appeared to feel our President's death, but I know that throughout the length and breadth of England and the English colonles the people felt as if one of their own loved leaders had been taken away."

## EXEQUATUR TO DRS. NORTON.

Accepted by Turkey as United States Consul at Harput. The Department of State has received in-

formation from the legation at Constantinople that the Turkish government has issued an exequatur to Dr. Thomas Herbert Norton, consul of the United States at Harput, Turkey, who was appointed to that post in June, 1969.

The granting of an exequatur to Consul Norton closes an incident which at one time threatened to disrupt the friendly relations between the United States and Turkey. In November of last year it was announced that the porte had definitely rejected the request for an exequatur for a United States consul at Harput. Despite this adverse action on the part of Turkey, Dr. Norton, who had been previously instructed by President McKinley to establish a consulate at Harput, was directed to proceed to Turkey. Dr. Norton has now been in Constantinople over three months awaiting his recognition by the porte.

The attitude of the United States in this matter was based more article? 2 of the

matter was based upon article 2 of the treaty of May 7, 1839, wherein it is provided that "the United States may appoint its citizens to be consuls and vice consuls at the commercial places in the dominions of the sublime porte where it shall be found needful to superintend the affairs of com-

merce."

The Turkish objection to the establishment of a consulate at Harput was based generally on the ground that there was no commerce at that place, and it was difficult for the United States officials to refute that assertion. Some time ago, however, Turkey permitted the British government to establish a consulate at Harput, whereupon the United States government renewed its application for a similar privilege under the "favored nation" clause of its general treaty. its general treaty.

The favorable action of the Turkish gov-

The favorable action of the Turkish government on this application, notwithstanding its tardiness and apparent reluctance, is very gratifying to the officials of the State Department and is accepted as another indication of the desire of the porte to accommodate the United States.

Harput was the accene in November, 1895, of one of the Armenian massacres in which the native Kurds were joined by a large body of Turkish soldiery in a murderous raid upon the Armenian quarter of the city in which over 1,000 persons were slain. During the same outbreak American mission property valued at over \$60,000 was desiroyed by the mob. The affair was made the basis of a large part of the claim for indemnity which was recently settled, by the Turkish government.

# FULL VOTE IN OHIO MARYLAND ELECTION FRENCH TAKE PORTS

the Republicans.

Legislative Ticket Everywhere.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. COLUMBUS, Ohio, November 5.-The first decidedly wintry morning of the season ushered in election day throughout Ohio. The temperature is down below the freezing point, with an only partially clear sky, but the roads are good and there is no reason in the weather why any but pronounced invalids should not come out

to the polls. These conditions are producing the natural result-a full vote. Here in Columbus the voting went at the rate of fifty per minute in many of the precincts during the early hours, and there seemed no difference between democratic and republican wards in this respect, but the full vote gave most assurance to the republicans, who were apprehensive of losses through light vote.

Reports from all over the state show substantially the same state of affairs. So that estimates of the total vote have gone up from 850,000 to 900,000.

Candidates Voted Early. Both Gov. Nash and his democratic op ponent, Col. Kilbourne, voted early this morning. They live in adjoining wards. At the polls the State Liquor League is doing more active work than the Anti-Saloon League. Word comes from the thirty-third senatorial district that Godfrey, republican, is running ahead of Kagy, democrat, and the republicans are likely to carry this strong democratic district. The unpopularity of Kagy is the cause.

### CONTEST FOR COUNTY OFFICES. Indications That There Will Be Scratching in Some Places. By Associated Press.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, November 5 .- Reports from the state show fair weather, although generally cold. Reports from some close counties indicate that the local committees and workers were unusually active during the forenoon. As both state committees apprehend a small vote the local committees and workers were instructed to be out early.

While it is claimed that the republican state committee has had more means than the democratic state committee and perected a more complete general organization, the local organizations of county committees are, as a rule, as strong with one as with the other this year where most of the county offices are at stake. The work for county tickets is affecting the general result more than usual, especially where sacrifice hits are reported, as in Cleveland, Columbus, Toledo and other places. These local complications will cause the counting to be delayed some tonight. The democrats say the early returns tonight will be favorable to their opponents.

The polls close at Cincinnati at 4 o'clock and elsewhere at 5:30 p.m. As the repubicans are considered in better shape at incinnati than elsewhere, and as McLean arried Hamilton county over Governor Nash two years ago, the early reports from Cincinnati will no doubt show such repubican gains as cannot be maintained elsewhere

CLEVELAND, Ohio, November 5.-Election day in this city opened cloudy, cold and disagreeable. Notwithstanding unfavorable weather conditions, however, the oting was heavy during the early hours he ballots cast were scratched. This will no doubt lead to much delay in learning the result tonight. The total registration is 66,758, which is up to the average for "off" years.

At noon the election was quietly, no trouble of any kind having been reported in any quarter of the city. An unusual amount of scratching was reported at all voting booths. The democratic leaders declared that republicans were generaly scratching their tickets, while the of their own party were voting straight.

Senator Hanna cast a straight republicar ticket early in the day at precinct C, forty-first ward. "I am satisfied with work accomplished during the campaign," he said and confident of the result." YOUNGSTOWN. Ohio, November 5.

Election day opened cloudy and cool. A bitter factional fight on representatives will probably result in a good-sized vote polled, although the early morning voting was light. CINCINNATI, Ohio, November 5.-With

sharp frost, temperature lingering about the freezing point and the sky lightly east, the weather this morning affords but little impetus to political enthusiasm, but it also presents but slight discouragement to the indifferent voter. The scenes at the polls indicate an ordinary "off-year" vote, with perhaps a little additional attention growing out of the important local question of the lease of the Southern railroad and of the special attack made upon the republican candidate for county auditor.

As the morning progressed the vote in-creased in volume so that before noon more than half the registered vote was polled. The length of time spent in the booths by voters indicated considerable scratching This is accounted for by the local op-position to Gov. Nash on account of his position to the prize-fight scheme pro-osed to pay the deficit on the Saengerfest building and by the persistent attacks made on Auditor Lewis, who is the repubican candidate for re-election. There othing to indicate any violent change in the result in Hamilton county. Democrats are claiming the election of several county officers, but republicans claim the entire ticket. The Southern railway lease seems

DAYTON, Ohio, November 5.-Election day dawned crisp and clear. The early in-dications pointed to a quiet election and a light vote.

to be certain of approval.

TOLEDO, Ohio, November 5.-Weather cold and cloudy and election progressing without any unusual features. Attendance at the polls is normal, and no special in ZANESVILLE, Ohio, November 5.—The weather here is crisp and bright, but voters are apathetic. The indications are that a light vote will be cast, with containing the conta

siderable scratching on local and legisla LIGHT EARLY VOTE IN LOUISVILLE.

Prospect That Grainger Will Be

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 5.-The ection was begun in Louisville and over he state with the weather crisp and biting. The first hour in Louisville found is expected much before noon. About the only important doubtful contest in Kentucky is that for mayor of Louisville, with indications rather favorable for Grainger, the democratic nomines. inger, | guilty of the co

This Gives Additional Confidence to Everything Points to a Heavy Vote Admiral Caillard Occupies Three on in the State.

# WINTRY DAY THROUGHOUT STATE VOTERS OUT EARLY IN BALTIMORE ORDER TO SEIZE SMYRNA CHANGED

Strong Fights Being Made on Both Sides Continue to Express Turkey's Disposition to Make Confidence of Winning.

SCRATCHING IN CLEVELAND WHAT THE LEADERS SAY HOPES FOR A SETTLEMENT

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. BALTIMORE, Md., November 5 .- The election in Baltimore today is progressing quietly and up to 1 p.m. about two-thirds of the registered vote had been polled.

Both parties maintain their usual appearance of confidence today and the leaders at both headquarters claim victory for their side. If possible the republicans are more sanguine than their opponents, so far as the city is concerned, and the general impression is that their hopes are well founded unless they are cheated out of their votes. Chairman Goldsborough is especially confident and said that the reports he was receiving from the countles were very encouraging, and that unless more than the usual amount of crooked work was done by the democrats in the counties the Gorman ticket would be overwhelmingly defeated

today throughout the state.

Chairman Vandiver of the democratic committee said that all the reports received by him were encouraging, and that his party would easily control the next general assembly. Mr. Vandiver denied the charge made by the republicans that the democrats were guilty of crooked work. democrats were guilty of crooked work, but said that the election would be "an honest and free expression of the popular

Fears of Democratic Crookedness. The general impression here, however, among the best-informed observers is that while the republicans may obtain a majority of the popular vote in this city, as well as in the countles, the democrats will be able to control the next general assembly by means of the crooked bal-lot in use in the black countles, that enough republican votes will be thrown out to give them a majority and that Mr. Gor-man by this means will be returned to the Senate at the expiration of Wellington's

### The Vote at Cumberland.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CUMBERLAND, Md., November 5 .- Almost perfect election weather prevails here and in western Maryland. Owing to the complications of the new ballot, voting is going slow. The negroes are very anxious to vote, and the most of them went to the polls early. They appear to be able to solve the intricacies of the ballot with as much as M. Delcasse came to the conclusion much ease as the intelligent white voter, having been thoroughly drilled in voting schools, and at least 90 per cent are said to be voting the straight republican ticket. There is much cutting by the white voters Indications are that the democratic legislative ticket in Cumberland will be much cut, the anti-Gorman sentiment of the past having diminished to no appreciable ex-

## EARLY VOTE IN BALTIMORE.

New Election Law Seemed to Make Little Difference. By Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, November 5.-When the polls opened in this city at 6 o'clock this morning many voters were in line at most of the precincts, and by 8 o'clock a fairly heavy vote had been cast. The new election law does not appear to have proved much of a drawback, so far as the early sumed in each case being less than a minute. The usual percentage of colored voters that direction is looked for in the city.

The polls opened in the counties at 8 o'clock, and advices from points outside of Baltimore show about the same conditions that exist here. The skies are overcast and the air is damp and chilly, with prospects of rain or snow before the day is

over. The vote in the counties from indications at noon promises to be the lightest in the history of the state, and nothing at hand at that time indicates the result. There is no doubt that the new election law and the restrictions thrown about the ballots by reason of its provisions will result in a de-creased vote in that portion of the state in which the negroes predominate, but whether it will help the democrats to the extent of their hopes is still an open ques-

In the city of Baltimore the negroes have cast the usual vote, but whether their bal-lots comply with the provisions of the new law and will be counted is still problematical. So many technicalities have been 'n troduced for the purpose of disfranchising voters who can neither read nor write that no predictions can be made even by the best advised until the vote is counted. No disorder is reported anywhere and the vote

### is being quietly polled. LIGHT VOTE IN IOWA.

Farmers in Southern Part of State Too DES MOINES, Iowa, November 5 .- The early morning vote in this city was less than anticipated. The polls opened at 7 o'clock, and by 8 it was noticeable that

the apathy which has been apparent during

the campaign existed even to going to the

polls. The weather is cold. All reports received here of today's state election have the same tenor and indicate that an unusually light vote is being polled. Although the weather brightened up toward noon the impression prevailed that the vote would be 100,000 less than a year ago. Advices from Davenport are to the effect that many German democrats are voting for the head of the republican ticket on account of his stand as anti-prohibition ist. Owing to local issues the repulsion of Dubuque report that they will carry the county for the first time. In the southern county for the state the advices received described in the state the advices received described in the state of clare that the farmers are in the fields harvesting their corn and are too busy to vote. In Polk; the home of the republican candidate for governor, special efforts are being made to get out the vote.

### FINE WEATHER IN COLORADO. Prospect of a Big Vote in All the

Counties.

DENVER, Col., November 5 .- The weather is fine and all the conditions are favorable for bringing out a large proportion of the registered vote in this city. The election has been hotly contested, and both the republicans and the democrats claim to be confident of winning in this county special officers appointed by the fire and police board (democratic) were present at all the voting booths this morning, and Mayor Wright issued a proclamation declaring that the democrats intend to resort to fraud, and appealing to citizens "to serve as a posse comitatus for the sheriff in the event that it is present to the

The Evening Star is the

only afternoon paper in Washington that receives

the dispatches of the Asso-

einted Press. It is there-

fore the only one in which

the render can find the complete news of the world, directly transmitted by telegraph, up to the moment of going to

Island of Mitylene.

Concessions Was the Cause.

PARIS, November 5 .- An official dispatch announces the arrival of Admiral Calllard's squadron this morning at the Island of Mitylene.

Admiral Caillard has occupied the three principal ports of the Island of Mitylene. Admiral Caillard's squadron arrived off the Island of Syra (Grecian Archipelago) yesterday and detached a dispatch boat, which entered the port of Syra and received from the telegraph station a batch of dispatches containing definite instructions from the French government regarding carrying out the sealed orders which were handed to the admiral previous to his leaving Toulon. These dispatches directed Admiral Caillard to proceed to the Island of Mitylene, where he will seize the cus-

toms at Midilli and at another port. The foreign office here has not yet re-ceived the sultan's reply to the note pre-sented by M. Bapst, councillor of the French legation at Constantinople, following out the instructions of M. Delcasse, the foreign minister, under date of November 3.

The Situation as It Is. The correspondent here of the Associated

Press is enabled to make the following statement: When the French government decided to send a squadron to Turkish waters, it debated whether to seize the customs at Salonica, Beirut or Smyrna, as it was realized that the receipts of one of these three big ports would be required to produce a sufficient sum to pay off the French claims without a long occupation, which was considered inadvisable. The occupation of Salonica was at once dismissed, because it might create the false impression that France was aiming to reopen the Macedonian question. The occupation of Beirut was also set aside, owing to the French position and interests in Syria, where the population looks upon France as its protector. The occupation of Beirut,

therefore, was certain to create efferves-cence, and perhaps even rebellion. The choice of M. Delcasse consequently fell on Smyrna, which offers equal advantages to the other ports without having their political drawbacks. Saturday, however, came the dispatch from M. Bapst announcing the issuing of the sultan's irade accepting the Lorando claim in its entirety, as France demanded. This dispatch slightly that the sultan would new settle the money claims and would, within a few days, pro-

duce the guarantees which France de manded for their payment. Change in Conditions.

The necessity for seizing big customs therefore became less pressing, although the necessity for occupying Turkish territory, in order to exercise pressure and compel the sultan to concede the demands respecting Turkey's disregard of French treaty rights, still remained urgent. The government therefore decided that Admiral Caillard should occupy a couple of ports on the Island of Mitylene, which is conveniently close to Smyrna. So, should the government's impression that the sultan will satisfactorily settle the monetary questions without delay prove unjustified, and the customs receipts at Mitylene not suffice to meet the French claims, Smyrna can yet be occupied. In the meanwhile the occupation of the ports on the Island of Mitylene voters are concerned, the average time con- is more convenient, from a military point of view, as the French cannot be easily dis-turbed on that island, whereas Smyrna, were in line, and no great falling off in being on the maintand, its occupants than desired. The French government, however, trusts that the whole difficulty will very shortly be arranged to its satisfaction, and hopes that the treaty stipulations wil carried out by the issue of irades, such as giving certain French schools permission to open, which thus far has been withheld, and also by giving official recognition throughout the Turkish empire to diplomas

issued by the French medical faculty at Beirut, &c. The News in London. LONDON. November 5 .- According to dispatch from Paris to a news agency here,

and has seized three ports on the Island of Mitylene. The British foreign office has had no request from Turkey, as announced by the Constantinople correspondent of the Echo de Paris, to fulfill the terms of the conven-tion of 1878, by which, in exchange for the Island of Cyprus, Great Britain guaranteed the integrity of the sultan's Asiatic posses-

the French squadron has arrived at Smyrna

## FILIPINO PLOT TO MASSACRE.

Revealed to American Authorities by Wife of Conspirator. MANILA, November 5.-A plot to massacre the American garrison at Moncada, province of Tarlac, Island of Luzon, has been revealed by the wife of one of the con

spirators. Several of the town officials are implicated in the murderous scheme. The woman who revealed the plot hid a detective beneath a house in which the leaders of the conspiracy were meeting. Arrests followed and many incriminating papers were seized. The plan was to set fire to a house close to the barracks, after dark, and when the soldiers came out to assist in extinguishing the flames 150 conspirators, armed with their arms and proceed to massacre the

ary Affray in Jerusalem. JERUSALEM, November 5 .- The Church of the Holy Sepulcher, surmounting Christ's tomb, was the scene of a sanguinary affray Monday last between Franciscans and Greeks, during which there were a number of casualties on both sides. The dispute arose on the question as to which community had the right to sweep ...e church. Troops had been posted in the vicinity for several days previous to the outbreak, in order to prevent the anticipated collision, but they were suddenly outnumbered and

## FIRE AT JENNINGS, LA.

overpowered by the contending parties.

Five Blocks of Main Business Part Destroyed. JENNINGS, La., November 5 .- Five blocks of the main business part of the town were destroyed by yesterday's fire, which started in the restaurant of J. Dudley. The loss is estimated at \$160,000, with insurance of about one-half. The heaviest im individual loser is A. D. McFarland, \$70,000, ity The houses destroyed were not of a substantial character, and the fire spread so quickly that there was small chance to save anything. There was no loss of life,